BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2012

LOS ANGELES COUNTY REGIONAL PARK AND OPEN SPACE DISTRICT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	9
Statement of Activities	10
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	11
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	13
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	14
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	15
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	31
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	32
Other Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Debt Service Fund	35

PARTNERS RONALD A LEVY, CPA CRAIG A HARTZHEIM, CPA HADLEY Y HUI, CPA COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTING & TAX SERVICES 9107 WILSHIRE BLVD. SUITE 500 BEVERLY HILLS, CA 90210 TEL: 310.273.2745 FAX: 310.670.1689 www.mlhcpas.com

GOVERNMENTAL AUDIT SERVICES 5800 E. HANNUM, SUITE E CULVER CITY, CA 90230 TEL: 310.670.2745 FAX: 310.670.1689 www.mlhcpas.com

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Board of Directors
Los Angeles County Regional Park and Open Space District
Los Angeles, California

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Los Angeles County Regional Park and Open Space District (the "District"), a component unit of the County of Los Angeles, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 1 of the notes to the basic financial statements, effective July 1, 2011, the District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 64, *Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions.*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 6, 2012 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and the Budgetary Comparison Schedule of the General Fund on pages 3 through 8 and page 30 be presented to supplement the basic financial

statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as a whole. The budgetary comparison schedule of the Debt Service Fund is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedule of the Debt Service Fund is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Muss, Keny v shatzkins

Moss, Levy & Hartzheim, LLP Culver City, California December 6, 2012

Management's discussion and analysis of the Los Angeles County Regional Park and Open Space District (the District) provides a narrative overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements, footnotes, and supplementary information.

Financial Highlights

- As more fully explained in the government-wide financial analysis below and in footnote 1 to the financial statements, net assets were \$210.6 million at June 30, 2012.
- During the current fiscal year, the District's net assets increased by \$41.6 million.
- The District's General Fund fund balance increased to \$322.2 million.
- The District reduced its outstanding debt during fiscal year 2011-2012 by \$27.5 million.

Financial Statement Overview

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund based financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. In addition to the financial statements, this report contains required supplementary information and an additional supplementary schedule.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide a broad overview of the District's activities and present a longer-term view of the District's finances.

 The Statement of Net Assets presents all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator to determine whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

• The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets (revenues and expenses) are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected assessment revenues, and accrued but unpaid interest expense).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-10 of this report.

Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the District are Governmental fund types.

 Governmental Funds - All of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's operations. Governmental fund information helps to determine the amounts of financial resources used to finance the District's programs.

The fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 and 13 of this report. Net asset/fund balance differences between the government-wide and fund statements are highlighted on page 12 and are primarily the result of the inclusion of bonds payable, unamortized bond premium and refunding charges, and accrued interest on bonds payable, and the exclusion of deferred revenue from the government-wide liabilities.

The difference between the changes in net assets/fund balances on the government-wide versus fund statements is highlighted on page 14 and is primarily the result of reporting the repayment of bond principal, the amortization of bond premium and refunding charges, and accrued interest on bonds payable, as expenditures in the fund statements.

Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Our government-wide analysis focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and changes in net assets (Table 2) for the District's governmental activities.

Table 1 Net Assets (in Thousands)

Governmental Activities

	FY 2012	FY 2011
Current and other assets	\$ 395,563	\$ 377,644
Total assets	<u>395,563</u>	<u>377,644</u>
Long-term debt outstanding	176,000	203,453
Other liabilities	9,004	5,190
Total liabilities	185,004	208,643
Net assets-		
Restricted for debt service	58,436	56,723
Restricted for maintenance and servicing Restricted for Park and open space	50,307	52,298
preservation	<u> 101,816</u>	<u>59,980</u>
Total net assets	<u>\$ 210,559</u>	<u>\$ 169,001</u>

GASB Statement 34 requires that the government-wide statements reflect a liability for the \$176.0 million in outstanding bonds issued to finance grants made to other governmental agencies, but does not permit the recognition of assets for future assessment revenues that are pledged for the annual debt service payments on the bonds. Amounts distributed to the cities and other eligible entities are recorded as expenses by the District and no capital assets are recorded. This fiscal year, the Statement of Net Assets reflected positive net assets for the fifth consecutive fiscal year, in the amount of approximately \$210.6 million. The bond covenants require the County to levy property taxes in future years to specifically repay the principal and interest on the bonds. Accordingly, the net assets related to these bonds are expected to continue to gradually increase as the bonds are redeemed.

Total assets of the District increased by 4.7% from the prior fiscal year to \$395.6 million due primarily to an \$18.1 million increase in pooled cash and investments and a \$0.2 million decrease in interest receivable.

Total liabilities of the District decreased by 11.3% from the prior fiscal year to \$185.0 million due primarily to a \$27.5 million decrease in long-term liabilities (bonds payable) and an \$3.8 million increase in project related expenditure accruals and interest payable.

Total net assets increased \$41.6 million to \$210.6 million due to an excess of general revenues (\$86.7 million in assessment revenue, investment and other income) over government expenses (\$45.1 million in grants to other agencies, bond interest expense, maintenance and administration).

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets (in Thousands)

Governmental Activities (Summary of Statement of Activities)

Revenues	FY 2012	FY 2011
General revenues Assessments Investment income Other revenue	\$ 79,793 6,173 712	\$ 80,101 2,581 884
Total revenues	86,678	83,566
Expenses		
Recreation and cultural services Interest expense	37,062 8,058	32,613 9,364
Total expenses	45,120	41,977
Increase (decrease) in net assets	<u>\$ 41,558</u>	\$ 41,589

Total revenues increased by \$3.1 million resulting from a decrease of \$0.3 million in assessments, \$0.2 million in other revenue, and an increase of \$3.6 million in investment income. The District spent \$4.4 million more on park improvements and maintenance in 2012 and interest expense on bonds decreased by \$1.3 million.

Fund Statements Financial Analysis

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$382.7 million, an increase of \$13.5 million from the prior fiscal year. Current fiscal year revenues from the governmental funds were \$86.4 million, an increase of 3.3% from the previous fiscal year. Expenditures in the current fiscal year were \$72.9 million, an increase of 6.4% from the previous fiscal year.

Debt Management

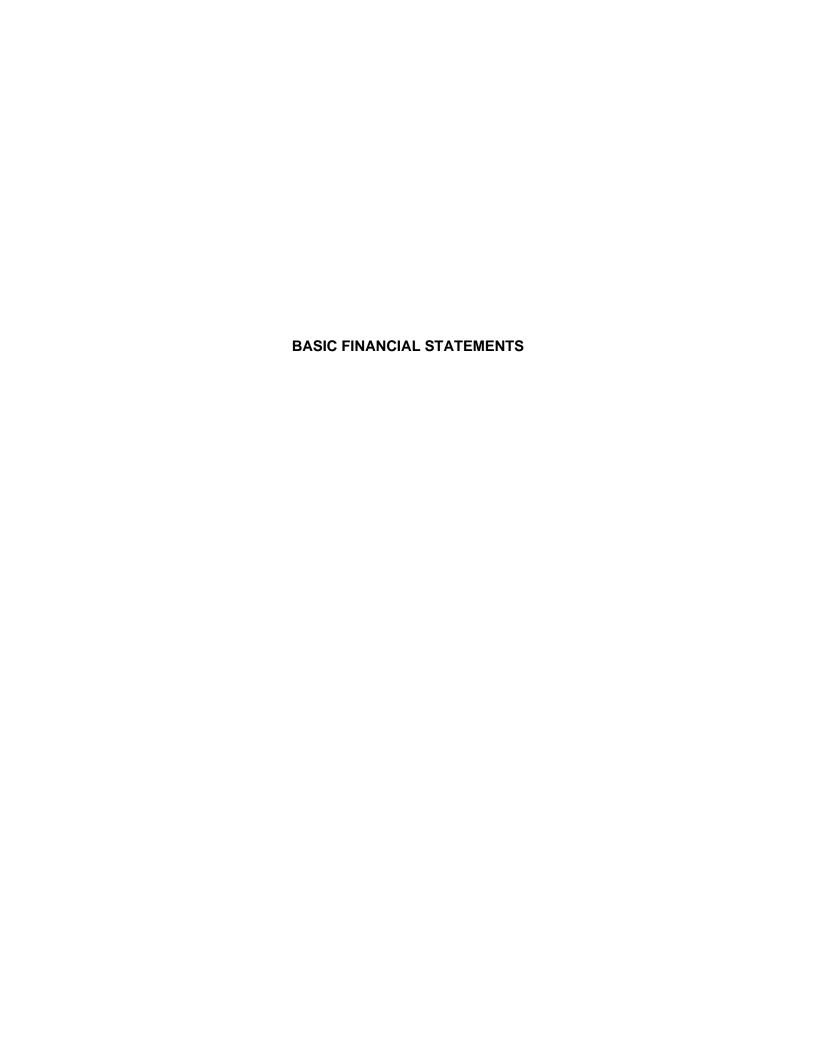
At June 30, 2012, the District had Bonds Payable (including bond premium and deferred loss on refunding) of \$176.0 million, the proceeds of which are being used to fund various park improvement projects and a debt service reserve fund. The debt service payments are secured by the District's annual benefit assessment to each assessable parcel as approved by the voters in 1992 and 1996. The District reduced its outstanding debt by \$27.5 million during fiscal year 2012.

Budgets

No material adjustments were made to the District's original General Fund or Debt Service Fund budgets. During fiscal year 2012 the District again spent much less than the amount budgeted for park grants, projects, and maintenance.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the County of Los Angeles, Department of Auditor-Controller, 500 West Temple Street Room 525, Los Angeles, CA 90012.





STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2012 (with comparative totals for June 30, 2011)

	Governmental Activities				
	2012	2011			
ASSETS					
Pooled cash and investments (note 4)	\$ 386,707	\$ 368,600			
Assessments receivable	7,935	7,879			
Interest receivable	921	1,162			
Due from Los Angeles County (note 3)		3_			
Total assets	395,563	377,644			
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	959	745			
Accrued interest payable	2,120	2,439			
Due to Los Angeles County (note 3)	5,925	2,006			
Noncurrent liabilities (note 5):					
Due within one year	28,839	27,453			
Due in more than one year	147,161	176,000			
Total liabilities	185,004	208,643			
NET ASSETS					
Restricted for:					
Debt Service	58,436	56,723			
Maintenance and servicing	50,307	52,298			
Park and open space preservation	101,816	59,980			
Total net assets	\$ 210,559	\$ 169,001			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

(with comparative totals for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011)

						Net (Ex	pens	e)
						Revenu	ıe an	d
						Chang	jes in	
			F	Program Revenu	es	Net As	ssets	
			Charges for	Operating	Capital	Govern	ment	al
			For	Contributions	Contributions	 Activ	ities	
	E	xpenses	Services	and Grants	and Grants	 2012		2011
Governmental activities:								
Recreation and								
cultural services	\$	37,062	\$	\$	\$	\$ (37,062)	\$	(32,613)
Interest expense		8,058				 (8,058)		(9,364)
Total	\$	45,120	\$	\$	\$	(45,120)		(41,977)
			<u> </u>	· <u> </u>		 (- , /		()- /
Ge	neral Re	evenues:						
	Assessn	nent revenu	е			79,793		80,101
I	Investme	ent income				6,173		2,581
	Other re	venue				 712		884
	Tatal					00.070		00.500
	rota	l general re	venues			 86,678		83,566
	Char	nge in net a	ssets			41,558		41,589
		Ū						
1	Net asse	ets, Beginni	ng of fiscal year	•		 169,001		127,412
ı	Net asse	ets. End of f	iscal vear			\$ 210.559	\$	169.001
ı	Net asse	ets, End of f	iscal year			\$ 210,559	\$	169,001

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2012

(with comparative totals for June 30, 2011)

	(General	Deb	ot Service		Tot	als	
		Fund		Fund		2012		2011
Assets								
Pooled cash and investments (note 4)	\$	326,816	\$	59,891	\$	386,707	\$	368,600
Assessments receivable		7,935	·	,	·	7,935	•	7,879
Interest receivable		788		133		921		1,162
Due from Los Angeles County								3
Due from other funds (note 7)		95		627		722		448
Total assets	\$	335,634	\$	60,651	\$	396,285	\$	378,092
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	959	\$		\$	959	\$	745
Due to Los Angeles County (note 3)		5,925				5,925		2,006
Due to other funds (note 7)		627		95		722		448
Deferred revenue		5,959				5,959		5,650
Total liabilities		13,470		95		13,565		8,849
Fund balances:								
Restricted for:								
Debt service				60,556		60,556		59,162
Maintenance and servicing		50,307				50,307		52,298
Park and open space preservation		271,857				271,857		257,783
Total fund balances		322,164		60,556		382,720		369,243
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	335,634	\$	60,651	\$	396,285	\$	378,092

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2012

Fund balances of governmental funds (page 11)	\$	382,720
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different from those reported in the Governmental Fund Balance Sh because of the following:	neet	
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		5,959
The following long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Bonds payable		(170,725)
Unamortized bond refunding charge		6,868
Unamortized bond premium		(12,143)
Accrued liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets differ from the amount reported in governmental funds due to accrued		
interest on bonds payable		(2,120)
Net assets of governmental activities (page 9)	\$	210,559

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCI GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 (with comparative totals for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011)

	General		Del	bt Service		Tot	als		
		Fund	Fund		2012			2011	
Revenues									
Assessments	\$	79,484	\$		\$	79,484	\$	80,151	
Investment income	Ψ	5,526	Ψ	647	Ψ	6,173	Ψ	2,581	
Other revenue		712		011		712		884	
Carlot revende		7 12				712			
Total revenues		85,722		647		86,369		83,616	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Services and supplies		5,077				5,077		5,059	
Park improvements		17,739				17,739		19,810	
Maintenance and servicing costs		14,246				14,246		7,744	
Debt service:									
Principal				26,560		26,560		25,375	
Interest				9,270		9,270		10,514	
-		07.000		05.000		70.000		00 500	
Total expenditures		37,062		35,830		72,892		68,502	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		48.660		(35,183)		13,477		15,114	
over (under) experiantities	-	+0,000		(33,103)		10,477		10,114	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in (note 7)		74,571		36,577		111,148		36,168	
Transfers out (note 7)	((111,148)				(111,148)		(36,168)	
Total office (Consider consider consider)		(00 577)		00 577					
Total other financing sources (uses)		(36,577)		36,577					
Net changes in fund balances		12,083		1,394		13,477		15,114	
Fund balances, July 1, 2011		310,081		59,162		369,243		354,129	
Fund balances, June 30, 2012	\$	322,164	\$	60,556	\$	382,720	\$	369,243	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

(in thousands)

The schedule below reconciles the Net Changes in Fund Balances reported on the Governmental Funds Statemer of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, which measures only changes in current assets and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with the Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds (page 13)	\$ 13,477
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities differ because of the following:	
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. This is the net change in deferred revenue from the prior year.	309
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets	26,560
Amortization of bond premium and refunding charges are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	893
Accrued interest for bonds payable. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period.	 319
Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 10)	\$ 41,558

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. <u>History and Organization</u>

<u>General</u>

Proposition A was passed by the voters on November 3, 1992, which provided for the formation of the assessment district "Regional Park and Open Space District (the "District"). The District was formed and the assessments levied pursuant to Sections 5538.9 and 5539.9 of the California Public Resources Code. The objectives of the District are to improve the quality of life in the County of Los Angeles through the preservation of beaches, parks, and wild lands; the construction, renovation and improvement of new and existing recreational facilities; and the restoration of rivers, streams, and trails. These powers are exercised through the County of Los Angeles (the "County") Board of Supervisors, which acts as the governing body of the District. Among its duties, it approves the District's budget, determines the District's assessment rates, approves contracts, and determines when to issue bonds authorized by the voters of the District. On November 5, 1996, the voters approved the Safe Neighborhood Parks Proposition, which provided for the district to levy additional assessments and to amend the method of assessments within the District.

Reporting Entity

The District is a component financial reporting unit of the County of Los Angeles, as the governing board of the County also serves as the District's governing board, and the County is financially accountable for the District.

The District is included in the County's comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

In evaluating how to define the District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by generally accepted account principles ("GAAP"). The District does not have any component units.

B. Significant Accounting Policies

The District's financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The basic financial statements of the District are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the basic financial statements

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the District as a whole. These statements include separate columns for the government and business-type activities of the primary government. The District does not have business-type activities. Eliminations have been made in the Statement of Activities so that certain allocated expenses are recorded only once (by the function to which they are allocated). However, general government expenses have not been allocated as indirect expenses to the various functions of the District.

Government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all (both current and long-term) economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, and losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33.

Program revenues include charges for services and payments made by parties outside of the reporting District's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the Statement of Activities to present the net cost of each program. The District did not have any program revenues for the fiscal year then ended.

Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

The District's financial statements are presented in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. Statement No. 34 established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities. It requires the classification of net assets into three components – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted.

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

These classifications are defined as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This component of net assets consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net assets component as the unspent proceeds. As of June 30, 2012, the District had no capital assets and thus no debt obligations related to capital assets.

Restricted net assets – This component of net assets represents restricted assets net of liabilities that relate to those specific restricted assets. A restricted asset is an asset for which constraints have been placed on the asset's use by creditors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments, or as a consequence of a restriction established by the reporting government's own governing body at the time a particular fee, charge, levy, or assessment was approved. These restrictions must be narrower than the general purposes for which the reporting government can use its resources. As of June 30, 2012, the District had restricted net assets of \$210,559,000.

The Proposition requires that not less than 15% of all proceeds of assessments levied and collected shall be used for the maintenance and servicing of completed projects. As a result, the amount of assessments collected for maintenance and servicing and unspent as of June 30, 2012 has been reflected as restricted net assets in the Statement of Net Assets.

Unrestricted net assets – GASB Statement No. 34 requires that local governments record in the statement of net assets the local government's liability for debt issued to finance the construction and acquisition of assets to be owned by other parties. GASB Statements No. 33 and 34 do not permit the recognition of assets for future tax increment revenues that are pledged for the annual retirement of bonded debt issuances. Any negative equity resulting from the reporting of the District's liability for this debt is required by GASB Statement No. 34 to be reported as unrestricted net assets. In future years, net assets are expected to continue to gradually increase as the bonds are redeemed.

Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the District is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures.

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental Type Funds

Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and non-major funds in the aggregate for governmental funds. The District has no non-major funds.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the *modified-accrual basis of accounting*. Their revenues are recognized when they become *measurable* and *available* as net current assets. *Measurable* means that the amounts can be estimated, or otherwise determined. *Available* means that amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. For this purpose, the District uses an availability period of 60 days for assessment revenues and 1 year for investment income.

Assessments and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period to the extent normally collected within the availability period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available when cash is received by the District.

Exchange transactions are recognized in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services are provided). Locally imposed tax revenues are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transactions upon which they are based takes place. Imposed non-exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period for which they are imposed. If the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenue arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first. Government-mandated and voluntary non-exchange transactions are recognized as revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. The reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered to be a measure of "available expendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available expendable resources" during a period.

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Non-current portions of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus. However, special reporting treatments are used to indicate that they should not be considered "available expendable resources" since they do not represent net current assets. Recognition of governmental fund type revenues represented by non-current receivables is deferred until they become current receivables.

Non-current portions of other long-term receivables are offset by fund balance reserve accounts.

As a result of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as government fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources are expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as fund expenditures.

New Accounting Pronouncements

The District has implemented the requirements of GASB Statement No. 64 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

GASB Statement No. 64 – Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions

This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2011. The objective of this statement is to clarify whether an effective hedging relationship continues after the replacement of a swap counterparty or a swap counterparty's credit support provider. This statement sets forth criteria that establish when the effective hedging relationship continues and hedge accounting should continue to be applied. Implementation of this statement did not have an impact on the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

C. Major Funds

The following are descriptions of the District's major funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is available for any authorized purpose and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal and interest.

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Cash and Investments

Investments are reported in the accompanying financial statements at fair value. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are reported as a component of investment income. Investment income also includes interest earnings and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments.

All cash and investment balances of the District are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer and are subject to withdrawal from the pool upon demand. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as pooled cash and investments. Investment income earned by the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds based on the fund's average cash and investment balance, as provided by California Government Code Section 53647.

E. Capital Assets

The District provides funding to other entities, including the County, for purposes that may include acquiring real property. Title to properties acquired is recorded in the name of the purchasing entity, not the District. Accordingly, there are no capital assets recoded on the Statement of Net Assets.

F. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue in the fund financial statements represents receivables at fiscal year end that will not be collected soon enough to finance current fiscal year expenditures.

G. Prior Year Data

Selected information regarding the prior fiscal year has been included in the accompanying financial statements. This information has been included for comparison purposes only and does not represent a complete presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the government's prior fiscal year financial statements, from which this selected financial data was derived.

H. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent.

 Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not spendable in form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Fund Balance (Continued)

- Restricted fund balance amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board of Directors) and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.
- Assigned fund balance amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision making, or by a body or an official designated for that purpose.
- Unassigned fund balance the residual classification for the District's funds that include amounts not contained in the other classifications.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by committed, assigned, and unassigned resources as they are needed.

The Board of Directors establishes, modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments and assignments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is done through adoption of the budget amendments that occur throughout the fiscal year.

NOTE 2 BENEFIT ASSESSMENTS

The District's primary revenue source is the assessments which are levied annually on each of the approximately 2.2 million parcels within the District's boundaries. The District, as authorized by the Government Code, levied an assessment on each parcel of real property within the District. The rate and method of apportionment used in levying annual assessments for various categories of property is established in the Engineer's report for County of Los Angeles Landscaping and Lighting District No. 92-1. The level of each assessment is based on the size and use of each parcel and the resulting benefit each parcel will receive from the proposed projects. The estimation of such benefit is quantified by benefit points, which is based on the 1996 Proposition.

The annual rate of each assessment may not exceed \$14.46 per benefit point. The annual assessment for any parcel will consequently equal the annual rate multiplied by the number of benefit points applicable to each parcel. The assessment may be levied annually for a period of 22 years.

NOTE 2 BENEFIT ASSESSMENTS (Continued)

The expenditures of the District that are funded from the proceeds of the annual assessments levied and collected are distributed as follows: a minimum of 80% (but not more than 85%) of the assessments are used for the payment of debt service on bonds, notes and other obligations issued by the District and for the direct capitalized costs incurred on approved projects; 15% of assessments are used for maintenance and servicing of completed projects; and up to 5% of the assessment are used to pay for the District's ongoing administrative expenses.

NOTE 3 TRANSACTIONS WITH THE COUNTY AND OTHER AGENCIES

The County is responsible for providing all necessary employees to the District for purposes of performing all District functions. Costs related to these employees are billed to the District based on actual time spent providing District services. Accordingly, the District has no salaries and employee benefit expenditures or supplies inventory. Accrued expenditures in the amount of \$5,925,000 as of June 30, 2012, for services provided by the County and other agencies for reimbursable projects, have been recorded as "Due to Los Angeles County".

NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Pooled Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2012 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Assets:

Pooled cash and investments \$386,707,000

Total cash and investments \$386,707,000

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2012 consist of the following:

Equity in County investment pool \$386,707,000

Total cash and investments \$386,707,000

Equity in the Cash and Investment Pool of the County of Los Angeles

The District has no separate bank accounts or investments other than the District's equity in the Los Angeles County Treasury Pool. The District is a voluntary participant in that pool. This pool is governed by and under the regulatory oversight of the Los Angeles County Treasurer and Tax Collector.

NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Equity in the Cash and Investment Pool of the County of Los Angeles (Continued)

The District has not adopted an investment policy separate from that of the County. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value calculated by the County for the entire County portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the Los Angeles County Auditor-Controller, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds is governed by provisions of debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the County's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk.

			Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Minimum	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	<u>Rating</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Allowed</u>	in One Issuer
U.S. Government Obligations	None	None	None	None
Los Angeles County Bonds	AA	None	None	None
State or Local Government				
Obligations	AA	None	None	None
Bankers' Acceptances	AA	270 days	None	None
Commercial Paper	AA	None	None	None
Negotiable Certificates of				
Deposit	AA	None	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	AA	None	None	None
Mortgage Securities	AA	None	None	None
Medium Term Notes	AA	5 years	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	AAA	N/A	None	None
LA County Treasury Pool	None	None	None	None

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the County manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

Information about the District's exposure to interest rate risk as a result of its equity in the cash and investment pool of the County is provided by disclosures in the notes to the basic financial statements of the County that shows the distribution of the County's investments by maturity.

		Remaining Maturity (in Months)				
		12 Months	13 to 24	More Than		
Investment Type	Total	or Less	Months	24 Months		
LA County Treasury						
Pool	\$386,707,000	\$ 386,707,000	\$	\$		
Total	\$386,707,000	\$ 386,707,000	\$	\$		

Disclosures Related to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the County's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type. The County investment policy establishes minimum acceptable credit ratings for investments from any two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. These guidelines are summarized in the notes to the basic financial statements of the County.

		Minimum	Exempt	Rati	ng as of Fiscal Year End
		Legal	From		Not
Investment Type	Total	Rating	Disclosure	AAA	Rated
LA County Treasu	ry \$ 386,707,000	None	\$	\$	\$ 386,707,000
Total	\$ 386,707,000		\$	\$	\$ 386,707,000

NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

There are no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. All investments of the District are in an investment pool. Although the District has no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond those stipulated by the California Government Code, all investments are in the Los Angeles County Treasury Pool which is subject to the County investment policy limitations on the amount of pooled funds that may be invested in any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The District does not have significant separate certificates of deposit or demand accounts with fiscal agents that are subject to disclosable custodial credit risk (as defined by GASB Statement No. 40). The District does not have direct investments in securities subject to disclosable custodial credit risk (as defined by GASB Statement No. 40).

GASB Statement No. 3 exempts participating entities from classifying their pool investments in categories of credit risk; however GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosures of common deposit and investment risks related to credit risks, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. Information on common deposit and investment risks for the entire County Treasurer's Pool is presented in Note 5 to the County of Los Angeles Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal year Ended June 30, 2012.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of the changes in outstanding bonded indebtedness during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012:

	Balance at			Balance at	Due Within
	July 1, 2011	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2012	One Year
2005 A Bonds	\$ 130,005,000	\$	\$ (17,385,000)	\$ 112,620,000	\$ 18,230,000
Deferred Loss on					
Refunding	(7,849,034)		981,129	(6,867,905)	(981,129)
Premium	14,017,333		(1,874,476)	12,142,857	1,965,586
2007 A Bonds	67,280,000		(9,175,000)	58,105,000	9,625,000
Totals	\$ 203,453,299	\$	\$ (27,453,347)	\$ 175,999,952	\$ 28,839,457

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

2005A Refunding Revenue Bonds Issuance

On January 20, 2005, the District issued \$181,220,000 in Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005A, with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.25%. The bonds were issued to advance refund \$188,175,000 of the outstanding principal of the Series 1997A Bonds. The net proceeds of the bonds plus a portion of the 1997 bond reserve were used to purchase state and local government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded portion of the 1997 bonds. As a result, that portion has been removed from the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets.

The 2005 bonds are payable from the proceeds of annual assessments levied on parcels within the District boundaries. Interest is payable April 1 and October 1 of each year. Final bonds mature in October 2019. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2012 is \$112,620,000.

The District has established and maintained a reserve account in accordance with the bond indenture. The reserve account has a balance of \$17,757,356 as of June 30, 2012. The funding in such amount provides a source of security that facilitated the marketing of the bonds at the interest rates provided thereon, was necessary for the District to obtain ratings from the rating agencies, was a vital factor in marketing the bonds, and is not in excess of the amount reasonably necessary for such purposes.

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the 2005A Refunding Revenue Bonds are as follows:

2005A Refunding Bonds							
Fiscal Year				Premium	Deferred Loss		
Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Amortization	on Refunding		
2013	\$ 18,230,000	\$ 5,260,388	\$ 23,490,388	\$ 1,965,586	\$ (981,129)		
2014	19,140,000	4,326,138	23,466,138	2,063,703	(981,129)		
2015	20,095,000	3,345,263	23,440,263	2,166,673	(981,129)		
2016	21,100,000	2,315,388	23,415,388	2,275,033	(981,129)		
2017	7,870,000	1,581,300	9,451,300	848,555	(981,129)		
2018-2020	26,185,000	2,109,056	28,294,056	2,823,307	(1,962,260)		
Total	\$ 112,620,000	\$18,937,533	\$ 131,557,533	\$12,142,857	\$ (6,867,905)		

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

2007A Refunding Revenue Bonds Issuance

On July 5, 2007, the District issued \$94,315,000 of Regional Park and Open Space District Series 2007A Refunding Revenue Bonds, maturing from 2007 to 2019, with yields ranging from 3.52% to 3.94%. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds together with other monies of the District were used to redeem all of the outstanding Series 1997A District revenue bonds, fund a reserve account, and pay for issuance costs. U.S. Government securities were purchased and deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded 1997A revenue bonds. As a result, that portion of the 1997A revenue bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets.

The 2007A Revenue Refunding Bonds are payable from the proceeds of annual assessments levied on parcels within the District boundaries. Interest is payable April 1 and October 1 of each year. Final bonds mature in October 2019. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2012 is \$58,105,000.

The District has established and maintained a reserve account in accordance with the bond indenture. The reserve account has a balance of \$9,796,144 as of June 30, 2012. The funding in such amount provides a source of security that facilitated the marketing of the bonds at the interest rates provided thereon, was necessary for the District to obtain ratings from the rating agencies, was a vital factor in marketing the bonds, and is not in excess of the amount reasonably necessary for such purposes.

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the 2007A Refunding Revenue Bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year	2007A Refunding Bonds							
Ended June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total		
2013	\$	9,625,000	\$	2,664,625	\$	12,289,625		
2014		10,115,000		2,171,125		12,286,125		
2015		10,640,000		1,652,250		12,292,250		
2016		11,170,000		1,107,000		12,277,000		
2017		3,845,000		731,625		4,576,625		
2018-2020		12,710,000		973,500		13,683,500		
Total	\$	58,105,000	\$	9,300,125	\$	67,405,125		

NOTE 6 PLEDGED REVENUE

The District has two debt issuances outstanding that are collateralized by the pledging of property tax assessment revenues. The amount and term of the remainder of these commitments are indicated in the debt service to maturity tables presented in note 5, along with the purpose for which the proceeds of the related debt issuances were utilized. For the current fiscal year, debt service payments as a percentage of the pledged gross revenue (net of certain Administrative and Maintenance expenses where so required by the debt agreement) are indicated in the table below. This percentage also approximates the relationship of debt service to pledged revenue for the remainder of the term of the commitment.

			An	nual Debt Servic	е	Debt Service	
			Pa	yments of all Del	bt	as a	
	Annual Am	ount of	5	Secured by This		Percentage of	
Description of	Pledged Revenue			Revenue		Pledged	
Pledged Revenue	(in thousands)			(in thousands)		Revenue	
Special assessment							
collections	\$	65,951	\$	35,8	330	54%	

NOTE 7 INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Transfers in and out for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 are as follows:

Transfers		
From	Transfers To	Amount
General Fund	Debt Service Fund	\$ 36,577,000*

^{*} To transfer funds to cover debt service payments.

B. Due to/from other funds as of June 30, 2012 are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Debt Service Fund	\$ 95,000
Debt Service Fund	General Fund	 627,000
		\$ 722,000

NOTE 8 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Claims and suits have been filed against the District in the normal course of business. The outcome of these matters is not presently determinable. However, in the opinion of management, the resolution of these matters is not expected to have a significant impact on the financial condition of the District.

NOTE 9 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District uses "encumbrances" to control expenditure commitments for the year. Encumbrances represent commitments related to executed contracts not yet performed and purchase orders not yet filled. Commitments for such expenditure of monies are encumbered to reserve a portion of applicable appropriations. Depending on the source(s) of funding, encumbrances are reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance on the governmental funds balance sheet. As of June 30, 2012, the encumbrance balances for the District is \$56,667,000 as reported in the General Fund.

NOTE 10 SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In preparing the accompanying financial statements, the District management has reviewed all known events that have occurred after June 30, 2012, and through December 6, 2012, the date when these financial statements were available to be issued, for inclusion in the financial statements and footnotes.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK





SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE **BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND** For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

						2012		iance with al Budget-
		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts	Actual		Positive	
		Original		Final	(Bud	getary Basis)	(1)	legative)
Revenues								
Assessments	\$	81,129	\$	81,129	\$	79,555	\$	(1,574)
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	Ψ	950	Ψ	950	Ψ	79,555	Ψ	(237)
Investment income		4,217		4,217		4,688		471
investment income		4,217		4,217		4,000		4/1
Total revenues		86,296		86,296		84,956		(1,340)
Expenditures								
Recreation and cultural services:								
Services and supplies		5,914		5,914		5,069		845
Other charges		198,401		198,401		29,974		168,427
Total expenditures		204,315		204,315		35,043		169,272
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(118,019)		(118,019)		49,913		167,932
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		84,287		84,287		74,571		(9,716)
Debt service		(120,765)		(120,765)		(111,148)		9,617
Appropriation for contingencies		(31,148)		(31,148)		,		31,148
Changes in reserves and designations		6,997		6,997		8,205		1,208
Other financing sources (uses)		(60,629)		(60,629)		(28,372)		32,257
Net change in fund balance		(178,648)		(178,648)		21,541		200,189
Fund balance, July 1, 2011		178,975		178,975		178,975		
Fund balance, June 30, 2012	\$	327	\$	327	\$	200,516	\$	200,189

LOS ANGELES COUNTY REGIONAL PARK AND OPEN SPACE DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2012

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY INFORMATION

In accordance with the provisions of Section 29000-29144 of the Government Code of the State of California (the "Government Code"), commonly known as the County Budget Act, a District budget is adopted on or before August 30 for each fiscal year. Budgets are adopted for the General Fund on a basis of accounting, which is different from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP").

The Budget adopted by the County of Los Angeles for FY 2011-2012 uses fund balance terminology that was in effect prior to GASB 54. As such, the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual on Budgetary Basis continues to make reference to reserves and designations.

For budgetary purposes, encumbrances and other reserves are also recorded as other financing uses at the time they are established. For encumbrances, this occurs at the time contracts or other purchase agreements are entered into. Other reserves are also recognized as other financing uses to indicate that certain assets (such as inventories) are not available for appropriation. Cancellations of encumbrances and other fund balance reserves are recorded as other financing sources for budgetary purposes.

Under the budgetary basis, property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are collectible within one year after year-end. Under the modified accrual basis, property tax revenues are recognized only by the extent that they are collectible within 60 days.

For budgetary purposes, investment income is recognized prior to the effect of changes in the fair value of investments. Under the modified accrual basis, the effects of such fair value changes have been recognized.

Expenditures are controlled on the object level for all District budgets. Any excess of budgeted expenditures and other financing uses over revenue and other financing sources is financed by beginning available fund balance provided for in the County Budget Act. There were no expenditures that exceeded the related appropriations within any fund as of June 30, 2012.

2. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATIONS ON MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS TO BUDGETARY BASIS

The District's Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds has been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with US GAAP. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund have been prepared on the budgetary basis, which is different from US GAAP.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY REGIONAL PARK AND OPEN SPACE DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2012

2. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATIONS ON MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS TO BUDGETARY BASIS (Continued)

The following schedule is a reconciliation of the budgetary and net changes in US GAAP fund balances as of June 30, 2012 (in thousands):

	General Fund		
Net change in fund balance - budgetary basis	\$	21,541	
Reserves and designations		(8,205)	
Subtotal		13,336	
Adjustments: Changes in accruals		(1,253)	
Net change in fund balance – US GAAP basis	\$	12,083	

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK





SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

(in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts Final	2012 Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	
Revenues				
Investment income	\$ 579	\$ 491	\$ (88)	
Total revenues	579	491	(88)	
Expenditures Debt Service				
Principal	26,560	26,560		
Interest	36,824	9,270	27,554	
Total expenditures	63,384	35,830	27,554	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(62,805)	(35,339)	27,466	
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	36,478	36,577	99	
Changes in reserves and designations	16,141	16,143	2	
Other financing sources (uses)	52,619	52,720	101	
Net change in fund balance	(10,186)	17,381	27,567	
Fund balance, July 1, 2011	10,186	10,186		
Fund balance, June 30, 2012	\$ -	\$ 27,567	\$ 27,567	

Reconciliation of Net Changes in Fund Balances - Budgetary to US GAAP Basis:

Net change in fund balance - budgetary basis Reserves and designations	\$ 17,381 (16,143)
Subtotal	1,238
Adjustments: Change in accruals	 156
Net change in fund balance US GAAP basis	\$ 1,394